THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Melissa Mark-Viverito, Speaker
Julissa Ferreras-Copeland, Chair, Finance Committee



Resolutions of the Council Fixing the Property Tax Rates Fiscal Year 2017

Adopted June 14, 2016

Finance Division
Latonia McKinney, Director
Rebecca Chasan, Counsel to the Finance Committee
Raymond Majewski, Deputy Director/Chief Economist
Emre Edev, Assistant Director
Maria Enache, Legislative Financial Analyst



REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

FINANCE DIVISION LATONIA MCKINNEY, DIRECTOR

RESOLUTION TO PROVIDE THE AMOUNTS NECESSARY FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK AND THE COUNTIES THEREIN AND FOR THE PAYMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS THEREOF, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING ON JULY 1, 2016 AND ENDING ON JUNE 30, 2017 BY THE LEVY OF TAXES ON THE REAL PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW AND THE NEW YORK CITY CHARTER

<u>Introduction.</u> This Resolution, dated June 14, 2016, provides the amounts necessary for the support of the government of the City of New York and the counties therein and for the payment of indebtedness thereof, for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2016 and ending on June 30, 2017 by the levy of taxes on the real property in the city of New York, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the State of New York, the Real Property Tax law and the New York City Charter.

On April 26, 2016, the Mayor submitted the executive budget for Fiscal 2017 to the Council pursuant to Section 249 of the Charter. On the date hereof, the Council adopted the budget for Fiscal 2017 pursuant to Section 254 of the Charter (the "Fiscal 2017 Budget"). Pursuant to Section 1516 of the Charter, the Council must fix the annual real property tax rates immediately upon such approval of the Fiscal 2017 Budget. In the resolution, captioned above, fixing the real property tax rates for Fiscal 2017 (the "Tax Fixing Resolution"), the Council fixes the annual real property tax rates, as described in greater detail below, and authorizes the levy of real property taxes for Fiscal 2017.

Determining the Amount of the Real Property Tax Levy. In the Tax Fixing Resolution, the Council determines the amount of the real property tax levy for Fiscal 2017, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1516 of the Charter, in the following manner. (1) First, the Council acknowledges the amount of the Fiscal 2017 Budget to be \$82,115,790,244 as set forth in the communication from the Mayor pursuant to Section 1515(a) of the Charter (the "Fiscal 2017 Budget Amount"). (2) The Council then acknowledges the estimate of the probable amount of all non-property tax revenues to be \$58,090,793,244, as set forth in the communication from the Mayor pursuant to Section 1515(a) of the Charter (the "Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate"). (Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a description of the Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate, detailing all sources of revenues exclusive of real property taxes.) (3) Pursuant to Section 1516 of the Charter, the Council finally determines the net amount required to be raised by tax on real property to be \$24,024,997,000, by subtracting the amount of the Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate from the Fiscal 2017 Budget Amount.

In order to achieve a real property tax yield of \$24,024,997,000, however, due to provision for uncollectible taxes and refunds and collection of levies from prior years equal in the aggregate to \$1,769,076,414, the Council determines that a real property tax levy of \$25,794,073,414 is required. Such amount, levied at rates on the classes of real property as further described below will produce a balanced budget within generally accepted accounting principles for municipalities.

The Council also provides for the application of the real property tax levy (net of provision for uncollectible taxes and refunds and collection of levies from prior years) to (1) debt service not subject to the constitutional operating limit, (2) debt service subject to the constitutional operating limit and (3) the Fiscal 2017 Budget in excess of the amount of the Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate.

Authorizing and Fixing the Real Property Tax Rates. After having determined the amount of the real property tax levy, the Council authorizes and fixes the real property tax rates. On May 26, 2016, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance (the "Commissioner") delivered the certified assessment rolls for all real property assessable for taxation in the City in each borough thereof for Fiscal 2017 to the Council, pursuant to Section 1514 of the Charter (the "Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls"). On June 14, 2016 the Council adopted a resolution in which the Council computed and certified the current base proportion, the current percentage and the base percentage of each class of real property in the City for Fiscal 2016 (the "Current Base Proportion Resolution"), pursuant to Section 1803-a (1) of the Real Property Tax Law. On June 14, 2016, pursuant to Section 1803-a of the Real Property Tax Law, the Council adopted a resolution in which the Council adjusted the current base proportions of each class of real property in the City for Fiscal 2017, to reflect the additions to, and full or partial removal from, the Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls (the "Adjusted Base Proportion Resolution").

The following sections describe the determinations the Council must make before it fixes the real property tax rates and the process by which the Council fixes the real property tax rates.

Assessed Valuation Calculations. In the Tax Fixing Resolution, the Council sets out the assessed valuation calculations of taxable real property in the City by class within each borough of the City. Next, the Council sets out the assessed valuation (1) by class of real property for the purpose of taxation (exclusive of the assessed valuation of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes) in each borough of the City and (2) by class of veterans' real property subject to tax for school purposes in each borough of the City.

Compliance with Constitutional Operating Limit Provisions. In the Tax Fixing Resolution, the Council also provides evidence of compliance with constitutional operating limit provisions. The Council determines that the amount to be levied by tax on real property for the Fiscal 2017 Budget does not exceed the limit imposed by Section 10, Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of New York, as amended, and Article 12-A of the Real Property Tax Law (the "Operating Limit Provisions"). The Operating Limit Provisions require that the City not levy taxes on real property in any fiscal year in excess of an amount equal to a combined total of two and one-half percent (2 1/36) of the average full valuation of taxable real property in the City, determined by taking the assessed valuations of taxable real property on the last completed assessment roll and the four (4) preceding assessment rolls of the City and applying thereto the special equalization ratio which such assessed valuations of each such roll bear to the full valuations as fixed and determined by the State Office of Real Property Services ("ORPS"), minus (i) the amount to be raised by tax on real property in such year for the payment of the interest on and the redemption of certificates of other evidence of indebtedness described in the Constitution and (ii) the aggregate amount of business improvement district charges exclusive of debt service. (Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a description of net reductions of the amounts to be raised by the Fiscal 2017 tax levy as authorized by New York State law for purposes of the Operating Limit determination.)

Adjusted Base Proportions. The Tax Fixing Resolution sets forth the adjusted base proportions for Fiscal 2017, pursuant to the Adjusted Base Proportion Resolution, to be used in determining the Fiscal 2017 tax rates for the four classes of properties.

Tax Rates on Adjusted Base Proportions. Finally, in the Tax Fixing Resolution, the Council authorizes and fixes, pursuant to Section 1516 of the Charter, the rates of tax for Fiscal 2017 by class upon: (1) each dollar of assessed valuation of real property subject to taxation for all purposes of, and within, the City, as fixed in cents and thousandths of a cent per dollar of assessed valuation, as follows:

All One-, Two- and Three-Family Residential Real Property	0.19991
All Other Residential Real Property	
Utility Real Property	0.10934
All Other Real Property	0.10574

and (2) each dollar of assessed valuation of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes of, and within, the City, as fixed in cents and thousandths of a cent per dollar of assessed valuation, as follows:

All One-, Two- and Three-Family Residential Real Property	0 11536
All Other Residential Real Property	0.07460
Utility Real Property	0.06332
All Other Real Property	0.06124

Authorization of the Levy of Property Taxes for Fiscal 2017. The Council authorizes and directs the Commissioner, pursuant to Section 1517 of the Charter, to set down in the Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls, opposite to the several sums set down as the valuation of real property, the respective sums to be paid as a tax thereon and add and set down the aggregate valuations of real property in the boroughs of the City and send a certificate of such aggregate valuation in each such borough to the State Comptroller. The Tax Fixing Resolution then requires the City Clerk to procure the proper warrants, in the form attached thereto, such warrants to be signed by the Public Advocate and counter-signed by the City Clerk.

The Tax Fixing Resolution would take effect as of the date of adoption of the Fiscal 2017 Budget.

Accordingly, the Committee on Finance recommends adoption of the Tax Fixing Resolution.

Exhibit A

ESTIMATED FISCAL YEAR 2017 REVENUE OTHER THAN REAL PROPERTY TAXES

Summarizing by Source of Revenue

Source of Revenue	Estimate of Revenue
Taxes (excluding Real Estate Taxes):	
General Sales (1)	. \$ 7,116,000,000
Personal Income	. 11,225,000,000
General Corporation	3,949,000,000
Commercial Rent	. 805,000,000
Utility	. 381,000,000
Banking Corporation	0
Mortgage Recording	. 1,085,000,000
Unincoporated Business	
Real Property Transfer	1,558,000,000
Cigarette	
Hotel Occupancy	. 541,000,000
Other:	
Penalty and Interest	50,000,000
Off-Track Betting	0
Off-Track Betting Surtax	. 1,220,000
Payments in Lieu of Tax	292,200,000
Section 1127 (Waiver)	156,000,000
Beer and Liquor	. 24,000,000
Auto Use	. 29,000,000
Commercial Motor Vehicle	55,000,000
Taxicab License Surcharge	. 2,000,000
Liquor License Surcharge	
Horse Race Admissions	
Other Refunds	
State Tax Relief Program ("STAR") for Personal Income and Real Property Taxes	
	\$ 29,904,470,000
Miscellaneous Revenue:	
Licenses, Franchises, etc	. 656,108,000
Interest Income	. 61,210,000
Charges for Services.	
Water and Sewer Charges	. 1,426,380,000
Rental Income	. 216,546,000
Fines and Forfeitures	904,804,000
Miscellaneous	. 405,187,798
	\$ 4,642,796,508

Exhibit A

ESTIMATED FISCAL YEAR 2017 REVENUE OTHER THAN REAL PROPERTY TAXES

Summarizing by Source of Revenue

Source of Revenue	Estimate of	
	Revenue	
Grants: Federal State Provision for Disallowances	. 13,672,651,898	
Unrestricted State and Federal Aid: N.Y. State Revenue Sharing. Other Unrestricted Aid.		
Transfer from Capital Funds	. 645,608,958	
Tax Audit Revenue and Other Initiatives.	. 713,839,000	
Tax Program	0	
Other Categorical Grants	853,670,573	
Amount of Estimated Revenue other than Real Estate Taxes	\$ 58,090,793,244	

FOOTNOTES

(1) Fiscal 2017 administrative expenses of the New York State Financial Control Board ("FCB") and the Office of the State Deputy Comptroller ("OSDC"), the "State Oversight Retention Requirements", have been treated only for accounting and financial reporting purposes of the City as if they were City expenditures. Consequently, the above estimates of General Fund receipts for Fiscal 2017 do not reflect anticipated reductions in amounts to be received by the City from the four percent sales tax levied in the City (the "City Sales tax") pursuant to State Oversight Retention Requirements. Following passage of the New York State legislation, the City Sales Tax was increased by 0.5 percent to 4.5 perent, effective August 1. In fact, the State Oversight Rentention Requirements are to be retained by the State from the City Sales Tax and will therefore reduce the funds which are paid to the City from the City Sales Tax. This presentation of State Oversight Renention Requirements (instead of being shown as a reduction in City Sales Tax) has no bearing on the statutpry relationship between the City, on the one hand, and the FCB and OSDC, on the other hand.

Exhibit B

PROPERTY TAX ITEMS IN THE RESERVE CONSIDERED OFFSETS TO LEVY FOR PURPOSES OF CONSTITUTIONAL OPERATING LIMIT PROVISIONS

FISCAL 2017 RESERVE ESTIMATES

Reserve Item	Estimate
	(in millions)
Property Tax Reductions (Tax Expenditures) Authorized by State Law	
Coop/Condo Abatement	(\$477.0)
STAR Exemption*	(204.0)
J-51	(118.0)
SCRIE/DRIE	(176.9)
Commercial Revitalization Program & Borough Development	(68.1)
Section 626	(21.0)
ICAP Abatement	(30.0)
Solar/Green Roof Abatement	(2.5)
Property Tax Additions (Tax Programs) Authorized by State Law	
Exempt Property Restored	35.17
TOTAL	<u>(\$1,062.3)</u>

Source: NY City Office of Management and Budget, FY 2017 Adopted Budget

^{*} Although the STAR exemption is authorized by State law and treated as an abatement and included in the property tax reserve, the State reimburses the City for the exact amount of the abatement. However, this is an Expense item and accounted for as a separate allocation of funds.

PRECONSIDERD RESOLUTION NO.

By Council Member Julissa Ferreras-Copeland

RESOLUTION TO PROVIDE THE AMOUNTS NECESSARY FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK AND COUNTIES THEREIN AND FOR THE PAYMENT INDEBTEDNESS THEREOF, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING ON JULY 1, 2016 AND ENDING ON JUNE 30, 2017, BY THE LEVY OF TAXES ON THE REAL PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW NEW THE YORK CITY

Whereas, On April 26, 2016, pursuant to the Section 249 of the New York City Charter ("the Charter"), the Mayor of the City of New York (the "Mayor") submitted to the Council of the City of New York (the "Council"), the executive budget for the support of the government of the City of New York and the counties therein (collectively, the "City") for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2016 and ending on June 30, 2017 ("Fiscal 2017"); and

Whereas, On May 26, 2016, pursuant to Section 1514 of the Charter, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance (the "Commissioner") delivered to the Council, the certified assessment rolls for all real property assessable for taxation in the City in each borough thereof for Fiscal 2017, a certified copy of which is in the Office of the Clerk of the City pursuant to Section 516, Real Property Tax Law (the "Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls"); and

Whereas, On June 14, 2016, the Council adopted a resolution in which the Council computed and certified the current base proportion, the current percentage and the base percentage of each class of real property in the City for Fiscal 2017 pursuant to Section 1803-a(1), Real Property Tax Law (the "Current Base Proportion Resolution"); and

Whereas, On June 14, 2016, pursuant to Section 1803-a, Real Property Tax Law, the Council adopted a resolution in which the Council adjusted the current base proportion of each class of real property in the City for Fiscal 2017, to reflect the additions to, and full or partial removal from, the Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls (the "Adjusted Base Proportion Resolution"); and

Whereas, On June 14, 2016, pursuant to Section 254 of the Charter, the Council adopted the budget for the support of the government of the City and for the payment of indebtedness thereof for Fiscal 2017 (the "Fiscal 2017 Budget"); and

Whereas, On June 14, 2016, pursuant to Section 1515(a) of the Charter, the Mayor prepared and submitted to the Council, a statement setting forth the amount of the Fiscal 2017 Budget as approved by the Council (the "Fiscal 2017 Budget Statement") and an estimate of the probable amount of receipts into the City treasury during Fiscal 2017 from all the sources of revenue of the general fund and all receipts other than those of the general fund and taxes on real property, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate");

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by The Council of The City of New York as follows:

Section 1. Fixing of Real Property Tax Rates for Fiscal 2017.

- a. Determining the Amount of the Real Property Tax Levy.
 - (i) The total amount of the Fiscal 2017 Budget as set forth in the Fiscal 2017 Budget Statement is \$82,115,790,244.
- (ii) The estimate of the probable amount of receipts into the City treasury during Fiscal 2017 from all the sources of revenue of the general fund and all receipts other than those of the general fund and taxes on real property as set forth in the Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate is \$58,090,793,244.
- (iii) Pursuant to Section 1516 of the Charter, the Council hereby determines that the amount required to be raised by tax on real property shall be \$24,024,997,000, which is derived from deducting the amount set forth in the Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate from the amount of the Fiscal 2017 Budget.
- (iv) In order to achieve a real property tax yield of \$24,024,997,000 due to provision for uncollectible taxes and refunds and collection of levies from prior years, the Council hereby determines that a real property tax levy of \$25,794,073,414 will be required, calculated as follows:

Not Subject to the 2 1/2 Percent Tax Limitation:

For Debt Service:

Funded Debt \$2,192,181,243

Amount Required for Debt Service and Financing as:

Provision for Uncollectible

Taxes \$159,595,962 Provision for Refunds \$36,498,340

Collection of Prior Years'

Levies (\$34,673,423) \$2,353,602,122

Subject to the 2 1/2 Percent Tax Limitation:

For Debt Service:

Temporary Debt

Interest on Temporary Debt \$74,623,611

For General Operating Expenses:

Funds Required \$21,758,192,146

Amount Required for Debt Service and Operating Expenses as:

Provision for Uncollectible

Taxes \$1,589,480,452 Provision for Refunds \$363,501,660

Collection of Prior Years'

Levies (\$345,326,577) 23,440,471,292

TOTAL REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVY \$25,794,073,414

The Council hereby determines that such amount, levied at such rates on the classes of real property pursuant to paragraph (iv) of subsection b below will produce a balanced budget within generally accepted accounting principles for municipalities.

- (v) The real property tax levy, net of provision for uncollectible taxes and refunds and the collection of levies from prior years, determined pursuant to clause (iv) above shall be applied as follows:
 - (A) For payment of debt service not subject to the 2 1/2 percent tax limitation:

\$2,192,181,243

(B) For debt service on short-term debt subject to the 2 1/2 percent tax limitation:

\$74,623,611

(C) To provide for conducting the public business of the City and to pay the appropriated expenditures for the counties therein as set forth in the Fiscal 2017 Budget in excess of the amount of revenues estimated in the Fiscal 2017 Revenue Estimate:

\$21,758,192,146

b. <u>Authorizing and Fixing the Real Property Tax Rates.</u>

(i) Assessed Valuation Calculations of Taxable Real Property in the City. The Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls set forth the following valuations by class within each borough of the City.

(A) The assessed valuation by class of real property for the purpose of taxation in each borough of the City, exclusive of the assessed valuation of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes is set forth below:

Assessment by Class of Property Subject to Taxation for All Purposes						
	All One, Two Assessment of					
	and Three Family	All Other	Utility	All Other	Property Subject	
	Residential	Residential Real	Real	Real	to Taxation for	
Borough	Real Property*	Property	Property	Property	All Purposes	
Manhattan	\$957,406,404	\$53,206,924,319	\$5,691,003,042	\$76,944,169,403	\$136,799,503,168	
The Bronx	1,528,946,910	3,717,125,384	1,784,950,774	3,960,059,950	10,991,083,018	
Brooklyn	5,720,928,597	9,276,106,117	2,938,395,412	8,456,196,132	26,391,626,258	
Queens	8,068,584,128	7,930,276,658	3,029,981,193	10,771,880,019	29,800,721,998	
Staten Island	2,836,055,730	316,389,610	758,929,321	1,902,895,330	5,814,269,991	
TOTAL	\$19,111,921,769	\$74,446,822,088	\$14,203,259,742	\$102,035,200,834	\$209,797,204,433	

(B) The assessed valuation by class of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes in each borough of the City is set forth below:

Assessment by Class of Veterans' Property Exempted under State Law from Tax for General Purposes						
		but Subject to Tax t	for School Purposes			
					Total Assessment	
					of Veterans'	
					Property	
					Exempted under	
	State Law from Tax					
	All One, Two				for General	
	and Three Family	All Other	Utility	All Other	Purposes but	
	Residential	Residential Real	Real	Real	Subject to Tax for	
Borough	Real Property*	Property	Property	Property	School Purposes	
Manhattan	\$849,270	\$103,627,970	\$0	\$297	\$104,477,537	
The Bronx	13,853,537	4,220,106	0	0	18,073,643	
Brooklyn	38,292,519	13,846,195	0	0	52,138,714	
Queens	71,133,804	38,473,175	0	621	109,607,600	
Staten Island	47,811,450	1,186,104	0	0	48,997,554	
TOTAL	\$171,940,580	\$161,353,550	\$0	\$918	\$333,295,048	

^{*}Includes condominiums of three stories or fewer which have always been

(ii) Chapter 389 of the Laws of 1997 established a new real property tax exemption providing school tax relief (Section 425, Real Property Tax Law). Pursuant to subdivision 8 of Section 425, the assessment by tax class of property subject to taxation for all purposes and the assessment by tax class of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes has been increased by the amounts shown below for purposes of: (a) determining the City's tax and debt limits pursuant to law; (b) determining the amount of taxes to be levied; (c) calculating tax rates by tax class; and (d) apportioning taxes among classes in a special assessing unit under Article 18, Real Property Tax Law.

(A) The assessed valuation by class of real property for the purpose of taxation in each borough of the City exempted under Section 425, Real Property Tax Law, exclusive of the assessed valuation of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes is set forth below:

Assessment by Class of Property Exempted under Section 425,					
	Real Property Tax L	aw, for All Purposes			
				Exempted under	
	All One, Two			Section 425,	
	and Three Family	All Other	All Other	Real Property	
	Residential Residential Real Tax Law, for				
Borough	Real Property*	Property**	Property	All Purposes	
Manhattan	\$3,037,620	\$178,468,312	\$17,179	\$181,523,111	
The Bronx	64,876,205	33,050,003	0	97,926,208	
Brooklyn	203,631,860	89,727,334	24,781	293,383,975	
Queens	307,130,112	161,080,185	63,057	468,273,354	
Staten Island	139,360,104	5,641,822	2,850	145,004,776	
TOTAL	\$718,035,901	\$467,967,656	\$107,867	\$1,186,111,424	

(B) The assessed valuation by class of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes and exempt under Section 425, Real Property Tax Law, for school purposes in each borough of the city is set forth below:

Assessment by Class of Veterans' Property Exempted under Section 425, Real Property Tax Law, for School Purposes						
Borough	Total Assessment of Veterans' Property Exempted under Section 425, and Three Family Residential Residential Real Real Tax Law, for					
Manhattan	\$0	\$26,773	\$297	27,070		
The Bronx	21,318	65,902	0	87,220		
Brooklyn	27,259	25,914	0	53,173		
Queens	60,250	49,486	621	110,357		
Staten Island	25,566	13,306	0	38,872		
TOTAL	\$134,393	\$181,381	\$918	316,692		

^{*}Includes condominiums of three stories or fewer which have always been condominiums.

^{**} Only residential real property held in the cooperative or condominium form of ownership qualifies for the real property tax exemption providing school tax relief.

(iii) Operating Limit Provisions. The Council hereby determines that the amount to be raised by tax on real property for the Fiscal 2017 Budget pursuant to clause (iii) of subsection (a) of Section 1 hereof does not exceed the limit imposed by Section 10, Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of New York, as amended, and Article 12-A, Real Property Tax Law (the "Operating Limit Provisions"). *

(A) The Operating Limit Provisions require that the City not raise an amount by tax on real property in any fiscal year in excess of an amount equal to a combined total of two and one-half percent (2 1/2 %) of the average full valuation of taxable real property, less (i) the amount to be raised by tax on real property in such year for the payment of the interest on and the redemption of certificates or other evidence of indebtedness described therein and (ii) the aggregate amount of district charges, exclusive of debt service, imposed in such year by business improvement districts pursuant to Article 19-A, General Municipal Law.

(B) The Operating Limit Provisions require that average full valuations of taxable real property be determined by taking the assessed valuations of taxable real property on the last completed assessment roll and the four (4) preceding assessment rolls of the City and applying thereto the special equalization ratios which such assessed valuations of each such roll bear to the full valuations as fixed and determined by the State Office of Real Property Services ("ORPS") pursuant to Section 1251, Real Property Tax Law, as shown below:

	Assessed	Assessment	Full
Fiscal Year	Valuations	Percentage	Valuations
2013	164,036,985,806	0.2081	788,260,383,498
2014	173,429,032,559	0.2076	835,399,964,157
2015	184,059,201,523	0.2065	891,327,852,412
2016	196,710,908,548	0.2086	943,005,314,228
2017	210,130,499,481	0.1994	1,053,813,939,223
•		AVERAGE	\$902,361,490,704
2 1/2 percent thereof for Fiscal Less debt service subject to the 2 1/2 percent	t tay limitation		\$22,559,037,268
Temporary Interest on temporary	tax minution.		(\$74,623,611)
Less aggregate amount of district charges sul limitation	3		(\$106,643,890)
Constitutional amount subject to the limitation other than debt service in accordance with the			

\$22,377,769,767

Article VIII, of the State

^{*} The amount to be raised by tax on real property for purposes of the Operating Limit determination is equal to the real property tax levy as reduced by the net reductions in amounts collected as authorized by New York State law.

(iv) Adjusted Base Proportions. Pursuant to the Adjusted Base Proportion Resolution, the Council certified the following adjusted base proportions to be used in determining the Fiscal 2017 tax rates for the four classes of properties:

All One-, Two- and Three-Family Residential Real Property*	14.8922
All Other Residential Real Property	37.2591
Utility Real Property	6.0207
All Other Real Property	41.8280
Total	100.0000

^{*}Includes condominiums of three stories or fewer which have always been condominiums.

(v) Tax Rates on Adjusted Base Proportions.

(A) Pursuant to Section 1516 of the Charter, the Council hereby authorizes and fixes the rates of tax for Fiscal 2017 (1) by class upon each dollar of assessed valuation of real property subject to taxation for all purposes of, and within, the City, as fixed in cents and thousandths of a cent per dollar of assessed valuation, as follows:

	All One, Two and Three Family Residential Real Property*	All Other Residential Real Property	Utility Real Property	All Other Real Property
Subject to the 2 1/2 percent tax limitation as authorized by Article VIII, Section 10, of the State Constitution including a reserve for uncollectible taxes	0.18161	0.11715	0.09936	0.09609
Not subject to the 2 1/2 percent tax limitation as authorized by Article VIII, Sections 10 and 11 of the State Constitution including a reserve for uncollectible taxes	<u>0.01830</u>	<u>0.01177</u>	<u>0.00998</u>	<u>0.00965</u>
Decimal rate on adjusted proportion for all purposes	<u>0.19991</u>	0.12892	0.10934	0.10574

^{*}Includes condominiums of three stories or fewer which have always been

and (2) by class upon each dollar of assessed valuation of veterans' real property exempt under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes of, and within, the City, as fixed in cents and thousandths of a cent per dollar of assessed valuation, as follows:

	All One, Two and Three Family Residential Real Property*	All Other Residential Real Property	Utility Real Property	All Other Real Property
Subject to the 2 1/2 percent tax limitation as authorized by Article VIII, Section 10, of the State Constitution including a reserve for uncollectible taxes	0.11536	0.07460	0.06332	0.06124
Not subject to the 2 1/2 percent tax limitation as authorized by Article VIII, Sections 10 and 11, of the State Constitution including a reserve for uncollectible taxes	<u>0.00515</u>	0.00333	<u>0.00283</u>	0.00273
Decimal rate on adjusted proportion for all veterans' property exempted under state law from tax for general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes	<u>0.12051</u>	<u>0.07793</u>	<u>0.06615</u>	<u>0.06397</u>

^{*}Includes condominiums of three stories or fewer which have always been condominiums.

Section 2. Authorization of the Levy of Real Property Taxes for Fiscal 2017.

- a. Pursuant to Section 1517 of the Charter, the Council hereby authorizes and directs the Commissioner to (i) set down in the Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls, opposite to the several sums set down as the valuation of real property, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a tax thereon, rejecting the fractions of a cent and add and set down the aggregate valuations of real property in the boroughs of the City and (ii) send a certificate of such aggregate valuation in each such borough to the Comptroller of the State.
- b. Pursuant to Section 1518 of the Charter, immediately upon the completion of the Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls, the City Clerk shall procure the proper warrants in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B to be signed by the Public Advocate of the City ("Public Advocate") and counter-signed by the City Clerk authorizing and requiring the Commissioner to collect the several sums therein mentioned according to law and immediately thereafter the Fiscal 2017 Assessment Rolls of each borough shall be delivered by the Public Advocate to the Commissioner with proper warrants, so signed and counter-signed, annexed thereto.

Section 3. Effective Date.

This resolution shall take effect as of the date hereof.



DRAFT

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

June 14, 2016

To The HONORABLE COUNCIL of THE CITY OF NEW YORK

For the Expense Budget of the City of New York as adopted by the Council pursuant to Section 254 of the Charter for the Fiscal Year beginning July 1, 2016 and ending June 30, 2017(Fiscal Year 2017) the amount of appropriation is:

Amounts Appropriated

\$82,115,790,244

The probable amounts and sources of revenues (other than Real Property Taxes) for Fiscal Year 2017, as estimated by me pursuant to Section 1515 of the Charter, are as set forth below:

Taxes (ex	cluding Real Property Taxes)		\$29,904,470,000
Miscellaneous Revenues		\$4,642,796,508	
Grants:			
	Federal State Provision for Disallowances	7,672,756,307 13,672,651,898 (15,000,000)	
Other Categorical Aid		853,670,573	
Transfer from Capital Funds		645,608,958	
Tax Audit Revenue		713,839,000	\$28,186,323,244

Making the total amount of the Expense Budget for the Fiscal Year 2017 to be financed by Real Property Taxes (after provision for uncollectibles, refunds and collection of prior years' levies):

\$24,024,997,000

DRAFT

In order to achieve the required Real Property Tax yield of \$24,024,997,000, a Real Property Tax levy of \$25,794,073,414 will be required:

The amount of taxes on real estate to be levied subject to the 2-1/2 percent tax limitation as authorized by Article VIII Section 10 of the State Constitution including a provision for uncollectible taxes

\$23,440,471,292

The amount of taxes on real estate to be levied not subject to the 2-1/2 percent tax limitation as authorized by Article VIII Sections 10 and 11(a) of the State Constitution including a provision for uncollectible taxes

\$2,353,602,122

Total amount of Real Property Taxes to be levied for the Fiscal Year 2017 is

\$25,794,073,414

Very truly yours,

Bill de Blasio

Mayor

EXHIBIT B

FORM OF WARRANT

WARRANT

To Jacques Jiha, Commissioner of Finance of the City of New York:

You are hereby authorized and required, in accordance with the provisions of the Real Property Tax Law and the New York City Charter, to collect the real property tax on the properties named and described in the real property assessment roll in accordance with the assessments thereon and the tax rates fixed by the City Council for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2016.

Public Advocate of the City of New York

Clerk of the City of New York

(SEAL)